INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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The Members of Osmanabad Airport Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of OsmanabadAirport Limited (formerly Osmanabad Airport Private Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2020, the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by ICAI and specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent

with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the

company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of the misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in Annexure – I a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply, in material respect, with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure II.
- (g) With respect to reporting on other matters to be included herein in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report that no amount has been paid by the company towards remuneration to its directors, other than directors sitting fees which is within the limits as specified.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would have a material impact its financial position;
 - ii) Based on the assessment made by the company, there are no material foreseeable losses on its long term contracts that may require any provisioning
 - iii) In view of there being no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund for the year under audit, the reporting under this clause is not applicable.

For MKPS & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 302014E

NarendraKhandal Partner M No. 065025 UDIN :20065025AAAADD5767 Place: Mumbai Date: April 30, 2020

Annexure – I to the Independent Auditors Report

Referred to in our report of even date, to the members of Osmanabad Airport Limited (formerly Osmanabad Airport Private Limited) for the year ended March 31, 2020

- i) (a) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets of the company have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
 - (c) The company doesn't have any land as its fixed assets and hence the reporting requirements under this sub-clause are not applicable.
- ii) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has sub-contracted the entire construction / operation related activities and therefore does not carry any inventories. Hence, the reporting requirements under clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable.
- iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under sub-clause (a), (b) and (c) of Clause (iii) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees and securities granted in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable and hence the reporting requirements under clause (iv) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable.
- v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits during the period under audit. Consequently, the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder are not applicable.
- vi) According to the information and explanations provided to us and as represented by the management, the maintenance of cost records have not been specified for the company by the Central Govt., under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Hence, the reporting requirements under clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable.
- vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the company examined by us, the company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities in India. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no undisputed amounts in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues which in arrears as at March 31, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no applicable statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii) In view of there being no loans from banks / financial institution / government and there being no debentures issued by the company as at the balance sheet date, the reporting requirements under Clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable.

- ix) In view of no term loans from banks being availed by the company, the reporting requirements under clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable.
- x) Based on the audit procedures performed by us for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per the information and explanations given to us by the management, we report that we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the management.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year and hence the reporting requirements under clause (xi) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable.
- xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company and hence the reporting requirements under clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the company with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 178 of the Act where applicable and the details thereof have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under audit.
- xv) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them.
- xvi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India, 1934.

For MKPS & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 302014E

CA NarendraKhandal Partner M No. 065025 UDIN :20065025AAAADD5767 Place: Mumbai Date: April 30, 2020

Annexure - II to the Independent Auditors Report

Referred to in our report of even date, to the members of Osmanabad Airport Limited (formerly Osmanabad Airport Private Limited) for the year ended March 31, 2020

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of OsmanabadAirport Limited (formerlyOsmanabadAirport Private Limited)("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For MKPS & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 302014E

CA NarendraKhandal Partner M No. 065025 UDIN :20065025AAAADD5767 Place: Mumbai Date: April 30, 2020

OSMANABAD AIRPORT LIMITED (formerly known as OSMANABAD AIRPORT PRIVATE LIMITED)

AUDITED Financial Accounts for the FY 2019-20 As on March 31, 2020

OSMANABAD AIRPORT LIMITED Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020			(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
 Property, Plant and Equipment 	2	248,447	271,151
-Other Intangible assets	3	89,355,065	90,412,342
Current Assets			
-Inventories			
-Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	4	280,752	30,400
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	14,837	35,818
Other Current Tax Assets (Net)			
Other Current Assets	6	307,950	545,973
	Total Assets	90,207,051	91,295,684
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
-Equity Share Capital	7	7,966,100	7,966,100
-Other Equity	8	48,188,337	49,523,675
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
- Financial Liabilities	9		
Borrowings		4,914,000	4,914,000
Current liabilities			
-Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables	10	281,394	400,582
Other Financial Liabilities			
-Other Current Liabilities	11	28,857,220	28,491,327
Provisions Current Tax Liabilities (Net)			
1	Fotal Equity and Liabilities	90,207,051	91,295,684
Notes on Accounts 1-25			
Significant Accounting Policies 1			
The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Fina	ncial Statements.		
As per our Report of even date			
For MKPS & Associates		For and on behalf of t	the Board
Chartered Accountants			
Regn. No. 302014E			
		Dime M 1	A
CA Narendra Khandal Partner		Binu Varghese Director	Ajay Kumar Director
Partner Membership No : 065025		Director DIN- 07046048	Director DIN- 07824414
Place : Mumbai Date : April 30, 2020		Place : Mumbai Date : April 30, 2020	
		שמופ . הקרוו שט, 2020	

tatement o	f Profit & Loss For the Year Ended March 31, 2020			(Amount in INR)
			For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	Particulars	NOTE	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	INCOME			
Ι	Revenue from Operations	12	631,306	691,39
П	Other Income	13	2,391	7,094
ш	Total Income (I + II)	-	633,697	698,489
IV	Expenses:			
	Employee Benefits Expense	14		20,40
	Finance costs	15	162,946	112,24
	Depreciation and Amortization Expense		1,079,981	1,321,24
	Other Expenses	16	726,108	1,660,22
	Total Expenses(IV)	-	1,969,035	3,114,104
V	Profit (Loss) Before Tax (III-IV)	-	(1,335,338)	(2,415,615
		=	(1,333,330)	(2,413,013
V	Exceptional items		-	-
VI	Profit/ (Loss) before extraordinary items and tax (V - VI)	=	(1,335,338)	(2,415,61
VII	Extraordinary items		-	-
VII	Profit (Loss) before tax (VII- VIII)	-	(1,335,338)	(2,415,61
VIII	Tax expense:			
	(1) Current tax			-
	(2) Deferred tax		-	-
IX	Profit (Loss) After Tax (V-VI)	-	(1,335,338)	(2,415,61
XII	Profit/(loss) from discontinuing operations	_	-	-
XIII	Tax expense of discontinuing operations		-	-
XIV	Profit/(loss) from Discontinuing operations (after tax) (XII-XIII)		-	
х	Profit (Loss) for the year (XI + XIV)	-	(1,335,338)	(2,415,61
	-	=	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u> </u>
XI	Earnings per equity share:		(1 (0)	(2.0)
	(1) Basic (2) Diluted		(1.68) (1.68)	
			(1.00)	(3.0.
otes on Acc				
	ccounting Policies 1 ferred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statements.			
s per our Re or MKPS & A	eport of even date Associates	I	For and on behalf of the	Board
nartered Ac				
egn. No. 30				
		I	Binu Varghese	Ajay Kumar
A Narendra	Khandal		Director	Director
artner		I	DIN- 07046048	DIN- 07824414
embership	No : 065025			
ace : Mumt	nai		Place : Mumbai	
ace . Iviuitii				

OSMANABAD AIRPORT LIMITED Statement of Changes in Equity

(Amount in INR)

A Equity Share Capital			() (110011(11111())
A. Equity Share Capital	Note No.	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year		7,966,100	7,966,100
Balance at the end of the year	7	7,966,100	7,966,100
B. Other Equity			
		Securities Premium Account	Surplus in the Statement of Profit & Loss
Balance at April 01, 2018		70,794,900	(18,855,610)
Add : Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the year		-	(2,415,615)
Balance March 31, 2019		70,794,900	(21,271,225)
Balance at April 01, 2019		70,794,900	(21,271,225)
Add : Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the year		-	(1,335,338)
Balance at March 31, 2020	8	70,794,900	(22,606,563)
As per our attached report of even date			
As per our Report of even date			
For MKPS & Associates	For and	on behalf of the Board	
Chartered Accountants			
Regn. No. 302014E			
CA Narendra Khandal	Binu Va	rahese	Ajay Kumar
Partner	Director	-	Director
Membership No : 065025	DIN- 07		DIN- 07824414
Diasa Mumbai	Diago - M	lumbai	

Place : Mumbai Date : April 30, 2020 Place : Mumbai Date : April 30, 2020

Osmanabad Airport Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

				(Amount in'000)
			Year ended	Year ended
	Particulars		March 31,2020	March 31, 2019
А.	Cash Flow from/ (used in) Operating Activities			
	Net Profit/ (Loss) after Tax		(1,335,338)	(2,415,615
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses		1,079,981	1,321,241
	Finance Cots		162,946	112,243
	Interest on Term Loan		-	-
	Operating Profit before Working capital changes		(92,412)	(982,131
	Adjustments for:			
	Trade and Other receivables		(12,329)	(366,397
	Trade and other liabilities		(199,946)	817,946
	Cash Flow from/ (used in) Operating Activities	[A]	(304,687)	(530,582
B.	Cash flow from/ (used in) Investing Activities			
	Cash flow from / (used in) Investing Activities	[B]	-	-
C.	Cash flow from/ (used in) Financing Activities			
	Proceeds from Long / Short term Unsecured Loans		300,000	208,714
	Finance Cost Paid		(16,294)	(11,225
	Net cash generated from/ (used in) Financing Activities	[C]	283,706	197,489
	Net (Decrease)/ Increase in Cash and Cash equivalents	[A+B+C]	(20,981)	(333,093
		[(20,701)	(000,070
	Cash and Cash equivalents as at the commencement of the year		35,818	368,911
	Cash and Cash equivalents as at the end of the year		14,837	35,818
	Net (Decrease)/ Increase in Cash and Cash equivalents		(20,981)	(333,093

The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard-(AS 7) on Cash Flow Statements issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified/ rearranged wherever necessary to make them comparable to those for the current year.

As per our Report of even date.

For MKPS & Associates Chartered Accountants Regn. No. 302014E

CA Narendra Khandal Partner Membership No : 065025

Place : Mumbai Date : April 30, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board

Binu Varghese Director DIN- 07046048 **Ajay Kumar** Director DIN- 07824414

Place : Mumbai Date : April 30, 2020

Osmanabad Airport Limited Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements

Note 1 Significant Accounting Polices

INTRODUCTION:

Osmanabad Airport Limited is a Special Purpose Vehicle incorporated by Reliance Airport Developers Limited and Reliance Infrastructure Limited. The Company was incorporated on September 29, 2009 in the state of Maharashtra, India.

The Company has entered into Lease Agreement with Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation ("the MIDC") on November 3, 2009 to Design, Develop, Upgrade, Finance, Operate, Maintain and Manage the Airport at Osmanabad. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Agreement, the company has been assigned and conveyed the exclusive lease rights of the immovable and movable property for a period of 95 years.

2 Basis of Preparation

(i) Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards

The Financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act) to be read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the information and disclosure mandated by Schedule III of the Act, applicable Ind AS, other applicable pronouncements and regulations.

(ii) Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statement have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instrument that are measured at amortised cost at the end of each reporting period.

3 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

2 Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle

2 Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

E Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
 It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

4 Income Tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the country where the company and its subsidiaries generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transition that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in 'Other comprehensive income' or directly in equity, in which case the tax is recognised in 'Other comprehensive income' or directly in equity, respectively

5 Financial Instruments	
a) Financial Assets I) Initial recognition and measurement	
All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit a	and loss.
transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of financial assets.	110 1055,
Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at an	nortised
costs.	
II) Subsequent Measurement	
For purpose of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in two broad categories:	
i) Financial assets at fair value	
ii) Financial assets at amortised cost	
The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flow	/S.
Where assets are measured at fair value, gains or loss are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit or loss(i.e fair value	through
profit or loss) or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).	
All other financial assets is measured at fair value through profit and loss.	
III) Impairment of Financial Assets	
The company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost an	d FVOCI
debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.	
IV) Derecognition of Financial Assets	
A financial asset is derecognised only when:	
The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or	
• retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash	flows to
one or more recipients.	
Where the entity has transferred an asset, the company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ow	vnorshin
of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ow	
rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.	
b) Financial Liabilities	
 I) Initial recognition and measurement All financial liabilities are recognised at fair value. The Company financial liabilities includes Trade and other Payables. 	
II) Subsequent Measurement	
III) Derecognition of Financial Liabilities	
Provisions	
Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is p	robable
that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the	he
obligation. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.	
Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	
Contingent liabilities are possible obligation that arise from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by that occurr	
non occurrence of one or more future events not wholly within the control of the company. Where it is not probable that an ou	
economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as contingent liability, un	
probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgement management/independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current mana	
estimate. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.	igement
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid inve	stments
with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject	
insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the	
sheet.	
Earnings Per Share The Company construction and diluted Earnings per Share (EDS) in accordance with Ind AS 22 on Earnings per Share	

The Company reports basic and diluted Earnings per Share (EPS) in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per Share.

10 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

The estimated useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset. Property, Plant and Equipment are depreciated under the reducing balance method as per the useful life and in the manner prescribed in Part "C" Schedule II to the Act.

11 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortisation / depletion/impairment. Cost includes expenditure directly attributable to the acquisition of asset and amortised over the period of useful life

12 Revenue Recognition Policy:

In respect of our Business, revenue is recognised on accrual basis when services are rendered and is net of taxes.

OSMANABAD AIRPORT LIMITED Note 2 Notes on accounts to Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss as on March 31, 2020

Property, Plant and Equipment

					(Ar	nount in INR)
Particulars	Leasehold Improvement	Office Equipment	Plant & Machinery	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Total
Gross carrying value						
As at April 01, 2019	1,688,001	-	466,883	6,400	-	2,161,283
As at March 31, 2020	1,688,001	-	466,883	6,400	-	2,161,283
Accumulated Depreciation						
As at April 01, 2019	1,687,984	-	195,749	6,400	-	1,890,133
Depreciation for the year	-	-	22,703		-	22,703
As at March 31, 2020	1,687,984	-	218,453	6,400	-	1,912,837
Closing net carrying value as at March 31, 2020	17	-	248,430	-	-	248,447
Particulars	Leasehold	Office	Plant &	Furniture	Vehicles	Total
	Improvement	Equipment	Machinery	and Fixtures	Vernicies	TOtal
	Improvement	Equipment	Machinery	and Fixtures	Venicies	Total
Gross carrying value	1,688,001	Equipment	Machinery 466,883	and Fixtures 6,400	-	
Gross carrying value As at April 01, 2018	•	Equipment	,		- -	2,161,283 2,161,283
Gross carrying value As at April 01, 2018 As at March 31, 2019 Accumulated Depreciation	1,688,001	Equipment	466,883	6,400	- -	2,161,283
Gross carrying value As at April 01, 2018 As at March 31, 2019	1,688,001	Equipment	466,883	6,400	- - -	2,161,283 2,161,283
Gross carrying value As at April 01, 2018 As at March 31, 2019 Accumulated Depreciation	1,688,001 1,688,001	Equipment	466,883 466,883	6,400 6,400	- - - -	2,161,283
Gross carrying value As at April 01, 2018 As at March 31, 2019 Accumulated Depreciation As at April 01, 2018	<u>1,688,001</u> <u>1,688,001</u> 1,447,147	Equipment	466,883 466,883 173,070	6,400 6,400	- - - - - - - -	2,161,283 2,161,283 1,626,617

OSMANABAD AIRPORT LIMITED

Note 3 Notes on accounts to Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss as on March 31, 2020 Intangible assets

		(Amount in INR)
Particulars	Upfront Premium	Total
Gross carrying value		
As at April 01, 2019	100,452,750	100,452,750
As at March 31, 2020	100,452,750	100,452,750
Accumulated amortisation		
As at April 01, 2019	10,040,408	10,040,408
Amortisation for the year	1,057,277	1,057,277
As at March 31, 2020	11,097,685	11,097,685
Closing net carrying value as at March 31, 2020	89,355,065	89,355,065
Particulars	Upfront Premium	Total
Gross carrying value		
As at April 01, 2018	100,452,750	100,452,750
As at March 31, 2018	100,452,750	100,452,750
Accumulated amortisation		
As at April 01, 2018	8,983,131	8,983,131
Amortisation for the year	1,057,277	1,057,277
As at March 31, 2019	10,040,408	10,040,408

OSMANABAD AIRPORT LIMITED

Notes on accounts to the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss as on March 31, 2020

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	(Amount in INR) As at March 31, 2019
NOTE 4 Trade Receivables			
Unsecured			
Considered Good	_	280,752	30,400
	Total	280,752	30,400
NOTE 5 Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash on hand		7,170	-
Balance with Bank		7,667	35,818
	Total _	14,837	35,818
NOTE 6 Other Current Assets			
Advance Income Tax			197,690
Balances with Government Authorities		297,950	207,071
Prepaid Expenses		-	131,212
Advances to Vendors		10,000	10,000
	Total	307,950	545,973

Notes on accounts to the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and	Loss as on March 31,	2020		(Amount in IND)
		As at		(Amount in INR As at
		March 31, 2020		March 31, 2019
NOTE 7 Equity Share Capital				
Share Capital				
Authorised		9 000 000		8,000,000
Equity Shares Rs. 10 par value		8,000,000		8,000,000
		8,000,000		8,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:				
Equity Shares Rs. 10 each fully paidup (All Shares are held by Reliance Infrastructure Limited and Reliance		7,966,100		7,966,100
Airport Developers Limited)		7,966,100		7,966,100
		7,700,100		7,700,100
a) Shares held by Holding Company		No. of Shares		No. of Shares
Ordinary Shares				
Ultimate Holding Company (M/s Reliance Infrastructure Limited)		207,121		207,121
Its Holding Company (M/s Reliance Airport Developers Limited)		5 89 489		5 89 489
		796,610		796,610
b) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of	Δ.	s at	As	. +
shares in the Company		31, 2020	March 3	
Ordinary Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares
Ultimate Holding Company (M/s Reliance Infrastructure Limited)	26%	207,121	26%	207,121
Its Holding Company (M/s Reliance Airport Developers Limited)	74%	5 89 489	74%	5 89 489
c) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares	100%	796,610	100%	796,610
Ordinary Shares The Company has Ordinary Shares (shares) having a par value of Rs. 10) each ner share and e	each holder of Ordinary	/ Shares is entitle	ed to one vote
The company has orallary shares (shares) having a parvalae or its. Te	-	r 31, 2020	As at March	
		,		,
Preference Shares (Holding Pattern) Ultimate Holding Company (M/s Reliance Infrastructure Limited)	% of Holding 39%	No. of Shares 189,380	% of Holding 39%	No. of Shares 189,380
Its Holding Company (M/s Reliance Airport Developers Limited)	61%	302,020	61%	302,020
	100%	491,400	100%	491,400
NOTE 8 Other Equity		As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019
Share Premium Account				
Opening Balance	70,794,900		70,794,900	
Add: Shares issued during the year		_	-	
Closing Balance	_	70,794,900		70,794,900
Surplus in retained earnings				
Opening Balance	(21,271,225)		(18,855,610)	
Add: (Loss) for the year	(1,335,338)		(2,415,615)	
Closing Balance			-	(21,271,225)
		48,188,337		49,523,675

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	(Amount in IN As at March 31, 201
Non-current liabilities		111111111111111	
NOTE 9 Borrowings			
6% Non Cumulative Non Convertible Preference Share Capital @Rs10 pa	r value (Pref		
Shares Nos- 491,400 shares @ Rs.10 per share)		4,914,000	4,914,00
	Total	4,914,000	4,914,00
Terms of Redemption:	=		
The NCNCRPS shall be redeemed at issue price.			
• The NCNCRPS shall be redeemed at the end of 20 (Twenty) years from	the date of all	otment.	
• Early redemption at the option of the allottee of the NCNCRPS will be a			
(a) out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purposes from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and	of redemption	of the NCNCRPS, at ar	ny time after 5 ye
	of redemption	of the NCNCRPS, at ar	iy time after 5 ye
	·	of the NCNCRPS, at ar	ny time after 5 ye
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and	·	of the NCNCRPS, at ar	iy time after 5 ye
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of	·	of the NCNCRPS, at ar	iy time after 5 ye
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current	·	of the NCNCRPS, at ar 281,394	ny time after 5 ye 400,58
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current	·		
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current	f NCNCRPS.	281,394	400,58
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current Dues to Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	f NCNCRPS.	281,394	400,58
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current Dues to Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises NOTE 11 Other Financial liabilities-Current	f NCNCRPS.	281,394	400,58
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current Dues to Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises NOTE 11 Other Financial liabilities-Current Employee Payable	f NCNCRPS.	281,394	400,58
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current Dues to Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises NOTE 11 Other Financial liabilities-Current Employee Payable Statutory dues Payable	f NCNCRPS.	281,394 281,394 	400,58 400,58
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current Dues to Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises NOTE 11 Other Financial liabilities-Current Employee Payable Statutory dues Payable Deposits from Customer	f NCNCRPS.	<u>281,394</u> 281,394 - 16,294	400,58 400,58 - 97,05
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and (b) out of profits, at any time after 10 years from the date of allotment of NOTE 10 Trade Payables-Current Dues to Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises NOTE 11 Other Financial liabilities-Current Employee Payable Statutory dues Payable Deposits from Customer Other Current Liabilities	f NCNCRPS.	<u>281,394</u> 281,394 - 16,294	400,58 400,58 - 97,05
from the date of allotment of NCNCRPS; and	f NCNCRPS.	281,394 281,394 - 16,294 368,400 -	400,58 400,58 97,05 368,40

OSMANABAD AIRPORT LIMITED

Notes on accounts to the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss as on December 31, 2019

(Amount in INR)

Partciulars		For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
NOTE 12 Revenue from Operations			
Aeronautical Income		296,686	427,311
Non-Aeronautical Income	_	334,620	264,084
	Total	631,306	691,395
NOTE 13 Other Income			
Miscellaneous Income		2,391	7,094
	Total	2,391	7,094
	-		
NOTE 14 Employee Benefits Expense			00.400
Contribution to Provident, Gratuity and Superannuation Fund	T.4.1	-	20,400
	Total _	-	20,400
NOTE 15 Finance Cost			
Interest on ICD		162,946	112,243
	Total	162,946	112,243
NOTE 16 Other Expenses			
Rent		-	-
Insurance		131,212	117,827
Rates and Taxes		8,670	6,124
Legal and Professional Fees		16,800	23,200
Audit Fees			
- Statutory Audit		15,000	15,000
- Out of Pocket Expenses		-	-
Travelling & Conveyance Expenses		-	7,360
Communication		-	941
Repairing & Maintances		2,727	223,015
Power, Fuel and Water		26,830	35,490
Printing & Stationery		-	896
Security Expenses		516,376	1,197,736
Miscellaneous	_	8,492	32,631
	Total	726,108	1,660,220

Osmanabad Airport Limited Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements

Note 17 Earnings per Share

The company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) -33 "Earning per Share" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountant of India for calculation of EPS and the disclosure in this regard are given below:-

	-	(Amount in'Rs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Basic / Diluted Earning Per Share:		
Profit after taxation as per Profit and Loss Account	(1,335,338)	(2,415,615)
Number of Equity Shares Outstanding	7 96 610	7 96 610
Basic Earning Per Share	(1.68)	(3.03)
Nominal value of equity share	10.00	10.00

Note 18 Related Party Disclosures

As per Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) – 24 "Related party disclosure" as prescribed by Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, the

a. Details of Related parties, where control exists:

Holding Company	Reliance Airport Developers Limited
Ultimate Holding Company	Reliance Infrastructure Limited

b. Following are the transactions with related parties during the year and outstanding balances as at the end of the year:

Nature of Transactions	Name of the related party	Balance as on 01 April 2019	Transactions during the Year	Balance as on 31st March 2020
Interest Payable	Reliance Infrastructure Limited	1 01 018	146,652	2 47 670
Preference Share Capital	Reliance Airport Developers Limited	3,020,200.00		30 20 20
	Reliance Infrastructure Limited	1,893,800.00		18 93 80
Inter Corporate Deposits Received	Reliance Airport Developers Limited	2 65 82 142	-	2 65 82 14
	Reliance Infrastructure Limited	1,342,714	300,000	1,642,714
Profit and Loss Items			2019-20	2018-19
Finance Cost	Reliance Infrastructure Limited		162,946	112,24

Osmanabad Airport Limited Notes annexed to and forming part of the Financial Statements			
notes annexed to and forming part of the rinancial sta	tements		
Note 19 – Financial risk management			
The Company activities exposes it to market risk, liquidit	-		
This note explains the source of risk which the entity is e	exposed to and how t	he entity is mana	age the risk.
Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Aging analysis Credit ratings	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits and letters of credit
Market risk — foreign exchange	Recognized financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (INR)	Cash flow forecasting Sensitivity analysis	Actively Managed
Market risk — interest rate	Long-term borrowings at variable Rates	Sensitivity analysis	Actively Managed
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

The Company's risk management is carried out by a project finance team and central treasury team (group treasury) under policies approved by board of directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risk in close cooperation with the group's operating units. The Management of the Company provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as interest rate risk and credit risk, use of derivative financial instrument and non-derivative financial instrument, and investments of excess liquidity.

Commodity risk:

The Project SPV requires for implementation (construction, operation and maintenance) of the projects, such as cement, bitumen, steel and other construction materials. For which, the Project SPV entered into fixed price contract with the EPC contractor and O&M Contractor so as to manage our exposure to price increases in raw materials. Hence, the sensitivity analysis is not required.

Market risk — interest rate risk

The Bank loans follows floating rates with resets defined under agreements. While interest rate fluctuations carry a risk on financials, the project SPV earn toll income which is linked to WPI thus providing a natural hedge to the interest rate risk.

a) Interest rate risk exposure

As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
-	-	
28,224,856	27,924,856	
28,224,856	27,924,856	
ne from borrowings as a result of	changes in interest rates.	
As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
	As at	
1	28,224,856 28,224,856	

Osmanabad Airport Limited			
Notes annexed to and forming part of the Financi	al Statements		
Note 20 - Capital risk management			
The Company objectives when managing capital a	re to		
 safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and 			
Maintain an optimal capital structure to	o reduce the cost of capital.		
For the purpose of the Company capital managem sub-debts and all other equity reserves attribu objective of the Company capital management is t	table to the equity holders of the		
The Company manages its capital structure ar conditions and the requirements of the financial Company may adjust the dividend payment to sh free sub-ordinate debt. The Company monitors of total capital plus net debt. The Company policy within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrow	covenants. To maintain or adjust the areholders, return capital to shareho capital using a gearing ratio, which is to keep optimum gearing ratio.	e capital structure, the olders or issue interest is net debt divided by The Company includes	
In order to achieve this overall objective, the Con ensure that it meets financial covenants attached capital structure requirements. No changes were capital for year ended March 31, 2017 and March	to the interest-bearing loans and be made in the objectives, policies or p	orrowings that define	
Consistent with others in the industry, the group r	nonitors capital on the basis of the fo	bllowing gearing ratio:	
Net debt including total borrowings (net of c	ash and cash equivalents)		
divided by			
Total 'equity' (as shown in the balance sheet).			
The Company strategy is to maintain a debt to equ		tios at March 31, 2019	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Net debt (a) Equity (b) Net debt to equity ratio (a) / (b)	28,224,856 7,966,100 3.54	27,924,856 7,966,100 3.51	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Net debt (a) Equity (b) Net debt plus Equity (c = a+b) Gearing ratio (a) / c	28,224,856 7,966,100 36,190,956 0.78	27,924,856 7,966,100 35,890,956 0.78	

Osmanabad	Airport Limited				
Notes annex	xed to and forming part of the financial state	ments			
Note 21	Micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006				
	There are no amount due to Micro & Small Er upon the extent to which the details are taken		nall and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006. This information is based		
Note 22	Segment Reporting				
	The Company operates in a single segment namely "Operation, Maintenance and Management of Airports" and there are no other reportable				
	segments under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) – 108 'Operating Segment' issued by ICAI.				
Note 23	In the opinion of the management, the Curren	t Assats Loops and Advances and Cu	rrent Liabilities are approximately of the value stated, if realised / paid in the		
Note 25			not in excess of amounts considered reasonably necessary.		
Note 24	In view of carried forward losses, the company has not recognised Deferred tax considering prudence				
	Previous year figures have been regrouped and re-arranged wherever necessary to correspond to current year's classification.				
Note 25					
	As per our report of even date				
	For M K P S & Associates	For and on behalf of th	Board		
	Firm Registration No.: 302014E				
	Chartered Accountants				
	CA Narendra Khandal	Binu Varghese	Ajay Kumar		
	Partner	Director	Director		
	Membership No. : 065025	DIN- 07046048	DIN- 07824414		
	Place : Mumbai	Place : Mumbai			
	Date : April 30, 2020	Date : April 30, 2020			